

NEROVNICE V SOUČINOVÉM A PODÍLOVÉM TVARU, KVADRATICKÉ NEROVNICE

1) Řešte v R nerovnice:

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| a) $(x+2)(x-3) > 0$ | $\llbracket K = (-\infty; -2) \cup (3; +\infty) \rrbracket$ |
| b) $(3x+5)(2x-3) \leq 0$ | $\llbracket K = \left(-\frac{5}{3}; \frac{3}{2}\right] \rrbracket$ |
| c) $\frac{x-2}{x-3} \leq 0$ | $\llbracket K = (2; 3) \rrbracket$ |
| d) $\frac{3x+5}{x-1} < 0$ | $\llbracket K = \left(-\frac{5}{3}; 1\right) \rrbracket$ |
| e) $\frac{-x-2}{3-x} \geq 0$ | $\llbracket K = (-\infty; -2) \cup (3; +\infty) \rrbracket$ |
| f) $\frac{(x-2)(x-3)}{(x-1)} \leq 0$ | $\llbracket K = (-\infty; 1) \cup (2; 3) \rrbracket$ |
| g) $\frac{x+2}{x-4} \leq 2$ | $\llbracket K = (-\infty; -4) \cup (10; +\infty) \rrbracket$ |
| h) $\frac{x+3}{3x+3} < 3$ | $\llbracket K = (-\infty; -1) \cup \left(-\frac{3}{4}; +\infty\right) \rrbracket$ |
| i) $\frac{x}{x+1} > \frac{1}{2}$ | $\llbracket K = (-\infty; -1) \cup (1; +\infty) \rrbracket$ |
| j) $\frac{x+2}{1-2x} \leq 2$ | $\llbracket K = (-\infty; 0) \cup \left(\frac{1}{2}; +\infty\right) \rrbracket$ |
| k) $\frac{3}{x+2} + \frac{2}{x-3} \geq 0$ | $\llbracket K = (-2; 1) \cup (3; +\infty) \rrbracket$ |
| l) $\frac{1}{x+1} < \frac{1}{3x-2}$ | $\llbracket K = (-\infty; -1) \cup \left(\frac{2}{3}; \frac{3}{2}\right) \rrbracket$ |

2) Řešte v R kvadratické nerovnice:

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|-------------------------------------|---|
| a) $x^2 - 4x - 5 \leq 0$ | $\llbracket K = \langle -1; 5 \rangle \rrbracket$ |
| b) $5x^2 + 3x - 2 > 0$ | $\llbracket K = (-\infty; -1) \cup \left(\frac{2}{5}; +\infty\right) \rrbracket$ |
| c) $21 - 29x \geq 2(3 - 2x)^2$ | $\llbracket K = \langle -1; \frac{3}{8} \rangle \rrbracket$ |
| d) $2(1 - 2x)^2 \leq 2x + 5$ | $\llbracket K = \langle -\frac{1}{4}; \frac{3}{2} \rangle \rrbracket$ |
| e) $x(5x + 1) > (x + 1)^2 + 2 - 5x$ | $\llbracket K = \left(-\infty; -\frac{3}{2}\right) \cup \left(\frac{1}{2}; +\infty\right) \rrbracket$ |
| f) $-4(3 - x)^2 \geq 11x - 33$ | $\llbracket K = \langle \frac{1}{4}; 3 \rangle \rrbracket$ |