

1 Množiny

1. Výčtem prvků zapište množinu:

a) $A = \{x \in N; 2x < 11\}$ ($A = \{1; 2; 3; 4; 5\}$)

b) $B = \{x \in N; x^2 = 25\}$ ($B = \{5\}$)

c) $C = \{x \in Z; -5 \leq x < 3\}$ ($C = \{-5; -4; -3; -2; -1; 0; 1; 2\}$)

d) $D = \{x \in Z; x^2 = 2\}$ ($D = \emptyset$)

2. Charakteristickou vlastností určete množiny:

a) $A = \{1; 2; 3; 4; 5\}$ ($A = \{x \in N; x \leq 5\} = \{x \in N; x < 6\}$)

b) $B = \{1; 3; 5; 7; 9; 11\}$ ($B = \{x \in N; x \text{ je liché} \wedge x \leq 11\}$)

3. Jsou dány množiny $A = \{a; b; c; d\}$, $B = \{a; c\}$, $C = \{b; d; e\}$. Určete množiny:

a) $A \cap B$ ($A \cap B = \{a; c\} = B$)

b) $A \cap C$ ($A \cap C = \{b; d\}$)

c) $B \cap C$ ($B \cap C = \emptyset$)

d) $A \cup B$ ($A \cup B = \{a; b; c; d\} = A$)

e) $A \cup C$ ($A \cup C = \{a; b; c; d; e\}$)

f) $B \cup C$ ($B \cup C = \{a; b; c; d; e\}$)

g) $A \setminus B$ ($A \setminus B = \{b; d\}$)

h) B'_A ($B'_A = \{b; d\}$)

4. Určete výčtem prvků množinu:

a) $K = \{x \in Z; -1 \leq x < 2\}$ ($K = \{-1; 0; 1\}$)

b) $L = \{x \in N_0; x < 3\}$ ($L = \{0; 1; 2\}$)

c) $S = \{x \in N; x < 5\}$ ($S = \{1; 2; 3; 4\}$)

d) $T = \{x \in Z; -4 \leq x \leq -2\}$ ($T = \{-4; -3; -2\}$)

5. Určete, zda jsou si dané množiny rovny (ANO – NE):
- a) $A = \{-0,67; 3\}, B = \left\{ \sqrt[3]{27}; -\frac{2}{3} \right\}$ (NE)
- b) $C = \left\{ \frac{9}{4}; 5^3; 8^0 \right\}, D = \{125; 0; 2,25\}$ (NE)
- c) $E = \left\{ -6; \frac{0}{6}; \frac{1}{6} \right\}, F = \left\{ 0; -\frac{192}{32}; 0,1\bar{6} \right\}$ (ANO)
- d) $G = \left\{ (-2)^2; -\frac{252}{63} \right\}, H = \{4; -4\}$ (ANO)
6. Jsou dány množiny $A = \{-2; -1; 0; 2; 4\}, B = \{x \in \mathbb{Z}; -2 < x \leq 5\}, C = \{6\}$ a základní množina $W = \{x \in \mathbb{Z}; -3 \leq x \leq 6\}$. Určete výčtem prvků:
- a) $A \cup B, A \cup C$ ($A \cup B = \{-2; -1; 0; 1; 2; 3; 4; 5\}, A \cup C = \{-2; -1; 0; 2; 4; 6\}$)
- b) $A \cap B, B \cap C$ ($A \cap B = \{-1; 0; 2; 4\}, B \cap C = \emptyset$)
- c) A'_W ($A'_W = \{-3; 1; 3; 5; 6\}$)
- d) B'_W ($B'_W = \{-3; -2; 6\}$)
- e) $A \setminus B$ ($A \setminus B = \{-2\}$)
- f) $B \setminus A$ ($B \setminus A = \{1; 3; 5\}$)
7. Jsou dány množiny $U = \{-3; 0; 1; 3; 4; 7\}, V = \{0; 2; 4\}$. Určete:
- a) $U \cup V$ ($U \cup V = \{-3; 0; 1; 3; 4; 7; 2\}$)
- b) $U \cap V$ ($U \cap V = \{0; 4\}$)
8. Jsou dány množiny $S = \{x \in N; x \leq 4\}, T = \{x \in Z; -2 < x < 1\}$. Určete:
- a) $S \cup T$ ($S \cup T = \{1; 2; 3; 4; -1; 0\}$)
- b) $S \cap T$ ($S \cap T = \emptyset$)
9. Je dána základní množina $W = \{x \in Z; -2 \leq x < 4\}$ a množiny $A = \{x \in N_0; x < 3\}, B = \{3; -2\}$. Určete:
- a) $A \cup B$ ($A \cup B = \{0; 1; 2; 3; -2\}$)
- b) $A \cap B$ ($A \cap B = \emptyset$)
- c) A'_W ($A'_W = \{-2; -1; 3\}$)
- d) B'_W ($B'_W = \{-1; 0; 1; 2\}$)

10. Jsou dány množiny $C = \{-3; -1; 5\}$, $D = \{-1; 0; 6; 8\}$. Určete

a) $C \cup D$

($C \cup D = \{-3; -1; 5; 0; 6; 8\}$)

b) $C \cap D$

($C \cap D = \{-1\}$)

c) $C \setminus D$

($C \setminus D = \{-3; 5\}$)

d) $D \setminus C$

($D \setminus C = \{0; 6; 8\}$)